

Clerk; Brickmakers, Blacksmiths, Hammermen, for  
 Men; Married Couple—man as Butler, wife house  
 maid; Married Ploughmen, Horse Breakers, Bullock-  
 ers, Farming Men, Milkmen, useful Boys, Landrainers,  
 and General Servants—one for Orange. Apply to  
 GEORGE and BROWN, labour agents, 21, Pitt-street  
 S.W.



Copyright © 2006 John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.

to establish Mr. Riggs proposed to find the capital to enable him to carry goods from the young Peabody was to manage. The discovery that the young Peabody was only fifteen years of age did not make it less likely that he would succeed. In 1817, after Mr. Riggs' death, And now Mr. Peabody may be said to have been unfortunate in his choice of partner. He died directly to his ruin; moved to Baltimore; and in 1822 the extensive operations justified the establishment of branches in Philadelphia and New York. In 1829 Mr. Riggs retired, and Mr. Peabody became senior partner.

About this time Mr. Peabody began to visit Europe. On more than one occasion he was charged with important financial duties for the State of Maryland. For his gratuitous services to the General Assembly passed a vote of thanks to his generous agent and representative. He had been in London long when the financial crisis of 1825 occurred, which prostrated American credit in England. Mr. Peabody's optimistic views of the elastic nature of currency, sound though they were, were received with scorn by the City, but established for him a solid title to the gratitude of the American world of commerce. In 1843, Mr. Peabody retired from the firm of Peabody, Riggs & Co., and purchased the editorial house of George Peabody and Co., which he is still the active head. In this business he became a millionaire. His biography, in *New York Herald*, says: "To whom we owe the principal facts in the above sketch of his career are the qualities which have contributed to this result." A judgment quick and cautious, and clear and sound; a decided purpose, a firm will, and energy in prosecution; his personal integrity, and his every engagement; justice and honour constantly every transaction; and courtesy—that true courtesy which springs from genuine kindness—praising over all the ingredients of life."

Mr. Peabody's career has another aspect beside its financial. His position as a merchant has served also as a foil to display him in the character of a humanitarian. The Anglo-American merchant, though a professional politician, early perceived that his position would enable him to act as a link between English and American people. His Fourth of July dinners, where philo-American English and philo-English Americans gathered round the same table and shared an annual demonstration of their sympathy in the eyes of the two worlds, constitute an event in the history of the relations of the two kindred, but alien! too often alienated, nations. These dinners were discontinued because Mr. Peabody was a body of American residents who were ready to take the good work out of Mr. Peabody's hands.

Mr. Peabody is not encumbered with family ties; he is a bachelor; his collateral relations, some of whom he has inherited, are few. One of them, however, has long since ceased to need help from him—the conspicuous stream of private benefactions which he dispensed to needy Americans in England we can speak only from hearsay, but the monuments of his public beneficence are, or soon will be, everywhere scattered over the world. To his native town he has given about 100,000 dollars to found a library and lecture fund. The Peabody Institute of Danvers is a gift in whole to the city. In Cambridgeport, Mass.—the city where he spent more than twenty years of his business life, and where he gained that standing which was the source of his success in London—about \$57,000, the sum of £6,000,000 dollars to found an institute to do what was before a mere unlettered city, which should embrace a university, a fund to pay for lectures to which certain classes were to have free admission, an academy of music, a hall of art, and a museum for the accommodation of the Maryland Historical Society. The opening of this institution has been retarded by the war in America, which has brought upon Baltimore the inconveniences of military occupation. His last great public benefaction, the donation of \$100,000 to the poor of London, differing in kind as it differs from those which he has bestowed upon his native country, surpasses them all in magnitude. It has long been the dream of the philanthropy of American millionaires, after providing amply for their families, if they have any, to found with the bulk of their wealth some public institution, the improvement of which would be of physical value to themselves and fellow citizens. That Mr. Peabody has done this, Gerrit Smith, New York; John Jacob and William B. Astor, New York; and John D. Rockefeller, New York; and others have done. The last has called all other American public benefactors, not alone in the extent and variety of his munificence, but especially in the directness of his benevolence. The results of his grateful posterity in our branch only of the English-speaking race, the memory of our Anglo-American millions will be an inheritance shared equally between Britain and the United States, and will serve to nourish a sentiment which moderates the violence and survives the effects of temporary cause of estrangement.

A portrait of Mr. Peabody is given on page 335.







[illegible]











7

**M**R. W. FULLAGAR has received instructions to sell, at his Yards, Western Road, **THIS DAY, Thursday, the 15th of June, at 12 o'clock, 500 prime fat cows, in lots to suit purchasers.**  
Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

**M**R. W. FULLAGAR has received instructions from George Ross, Esq., to sell, at his Yards, Western Road, **THIS DAY, the 15th June, 1000 very prime wethers, in lots to suit purchasers.**  
Weekly Produce Sale, Railway Auction Depot.

**T**HOMAS DAWSON will sell by auction at his Railway Auction Depot,  
At 11 o'clock,  
Fat calves, lambs, perenns (dead and alive), rearing milch cows.  
At 12 o'clock,  
Poultry, butter (ing and out), cheese, bacon, eggs, lard, and all descriptions of colonial produce, in lots to suit purchasers.

Horses, carts, harness, &c.

**P**ITTS and SULLIVAN have received instructions from W. Lewis, Esq., to sell by auction, **THIS DAY, 19th instant**, at Mr. John Fallagar's, at 12 o'clock,

175 head of prime fat cattle, to lots.

**P**ITTS and SULLIVAN have received instructions from Mr. Richard Skuthorp to sell by auction, **THIS DAY, the 19th instant**, at Mr. John Fallagar's, at 12 o'clock,

104 head of prime fat cattle, to lots.

**P**ITTS and SULLIVAN have received instructions from the proprietor to sell by auction, **THIS DAY, the 19th instant**, at Mr. John Fallagar's, at 12 o'clock,

600 fat sheep, in lots.

District of High, Castlemagh River, &  
Fallowen Solo.

By order of W. B. Blackman, Esq.:

The following First-class Stations:—  
Glasgow,  
Glasgowquills, and  
Tredwin.

Together with three hundred head of well-bred quality cattle.

stractions from W. R. Blackman, Esq., to admit to public competition, at Tattersall's Long Room, Pitt-street, on **TUESDAY**, the 15th July next, at 12 o'clock.

Gidgion has a frontage to the Castlemore River of 20 miles. Golegnagulla and Trullow have each a frontage five miles to the Castlemore. These stations join, and making 10 miles to the river, afford a fine grazing ground well known as the stations of W. Lawie, Esq. They are distant from Midgee about 230 miles. With the station of Gidgion, about 3000 head of cattle. The improvement of the station is being carried out by the erection of pens, stables, kitchen, and meat-house. One of the best stockyards in the colony, capable of working 6000 head of cattle. On Tuesday the 15th July, 1884, the following prices were obtained from the Auctioneers for the sale of the station property in search of a good pastoral investment to the above. This property is for unsurowed sale. Particular attention is directed to the fact that the property is situated on a fine annually covered by the herds of Messrs. Loo, Cox, & Bailey, regardless of expense. Any further particulars can be obtained from the Auctioneers.

Terms and conditions of sale at the time of sale.

R. B. B. B. B.

**CHARLES COTRELL** has been instructed by Mr. John Walker, innkeeper at section, at his residence, the White Horse on Crown Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of June instant, at 2 o'clock p.m. The proprietor's licenses, goodwill, bar fittings, &c.; and which, a large quantity of household furniture, consisting of chairs, sofas, mattresses, chest of drawers, sofas, pictures, military implements, &c. And, sundry other useful property.

To persons on the look-out for a roadside inn with an improving trade, this is an opportunity such seldom offers.

*Terms at sale.*

**FRIDAY, 27th June.**

**W. E. and A. S. KING** have received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mortons' Hall, on FRIDAY, 27th June, at two o'clock, **THE** **WHITE HORSE** **INN**, with the following premises in New South Wales, with or without 1000 head of

The station comprises 67,750 acres of first-class grazing land; it is close to Swan Hill, and only 220 miles from Melbourne. The prestige to the Murray and the water supply are a security of water in all seasons, while the pasturage is unsurpassable. It is enclosed with natural boundaries, and about 20 miles of wire or 100 miles of rail fence, which at a slight expense may be made sheep proof, and will carry 30,000 sheep or 6000 head of cattle in all seasons. We assume has never been known upon it. The homestead is a large, comfortable, five roomed kitchen four rooms, store three rooms and cellar, horse paddock and stockyard. There is an out station with side-house of three rooms, with kitchen and yard. The auctioneers can with great confidence recommend this station to the notice of the public, and invite a close inspection of its quality and capacity.

Terms of sale to be considered at one and two years, at eight pounds per cent.

For further particulars, apply at KIRK'S Bazaar, Bourke-street, Melbourne.

**FRIDAY, June 27.**

**POWER, RUTHERFORD, AND CO.** are instructed by the proprietor to offer for sale at auction, at Morton's Hotel, Melbourne, on **FRIDAY, the 27th inst.** immediately after the sale of the **Marrion Downs Station.**

The following splendid runs are —

**EAST BOUNDARY**  
**WEST BOUNDARY.**

These runs are situate on the River **Roper**, Queensland, just beyond the 26th parallel of latitude, adjoining the boundary lines of New South Wales, where the occupation of the land is not subject to any restrictions, and is sold **free**, which flows through both runs, and is capable of carrying large numbers of sheep, and are on distant about 15 miles from Port Bourke, on the Darling, where wool can be shipped, thus saving the great expense of land carriage.

The Auctioneers beg to direct the attention of intending purchasers to the very great competition for runs at present existing in the North, and to the fact that the Government auction sale of runs, held in Sydney, will be held on the 10th inst.

half the size of East or West Boundaries were speedily run up to 5600 a year and upwards.

The new West Boundary runs are held at the Government run, 623 1/2 miles, and are being under the Queensland Government, the purchaser, by complying with regulations will be entitled to a lease of 14 years from 1st March next, 1885.

Plans can be seen at the office of the Auctioneer.

In the Metropolitan and Coast District Court, holden at Sydney.

DAY V. JAMES AND SONS, v. SAMS V. SAMS.

ON TUESDAY, the 24th day of June, 1885, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, pursuant to writ of fieri facias, issued in these causes, unless the same were previously satisfied, all the right, title, and interest of the defendant Thomas Sams in and to the house, now in and called, situate in the street, Sydney, now in the occupation of Mrs. Taylor, was sold, under writ of fieri facias, to the plaintiff, James and Sons, and the said defendant is sold of or entitled to, or which he can sell at law or in equity assign or dispose of, will be so sold.

Printed, Sydney.  
Dated this 15th day of June, 1892.  
GEO. S. YARNTON, Registrar.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.  
Sherriff's Office, Sydney, 16th June 1892.  
BERNARD McLEAN, plaintiff; FRANCIS THORNTON  
defendant.

**BY** VIRTUE of the authority given by the A  
of Council, 6 Victoria, No. 9, the SHERIFF W  
wishes to be sold, by public auction (unless the writ of  
seizes in the above-named case be previously satisfied,  
the Court of Sessions, Sydney, on TUE  
DAY, the 23rd day of July next.  
All the right title, and interest of the above-named  
defendant, Francis Thornton, of and in the Royal  
of Redfern, in the County of New South Wales,  
by a Freehold Reversion and a half portion  
more or less, being lot number twenty of section  
number one of the County of New South Wales,  
situate in the City of Sydney, and being the  
in the colony of New South Wales, bounded on  
north-east by the Glebe Road, commanding

one, and bearing south-westerly forty-four; on the south-east by a line bearing south-westerly one hundred and twenty feet to a lane station and a half feet wide; on the south-west by that lane by a line bearing north-westerly forty-four, and on the north-west by alignment number twenty-one, being a line bearing north-westerly one hundred and twenty feet to the point of commencement.

The houses and premises erected on this land are the alleged residence of the defendant.

**JOHN FRELAN, Under-Sheriff.**



